

Strumenti liberi per produrre cultura libera



Italian Linux Society @ Just Copyleft 20 luglio 2018

Rosario Antoci

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Strumenti liberi per produrre cultura libera



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Capolavoro realizzato con GIMP rilasciato liberamente in CC-BY-SA 4.0 Int.

Di cosa facciamo parte

- **Italian Linux Society** (dal 1994 in Italia)
<http://www.ils.org>

Cosa facciamo

- Linux Day
- Campagne di donazioni
- Coordinamento gruppi locali



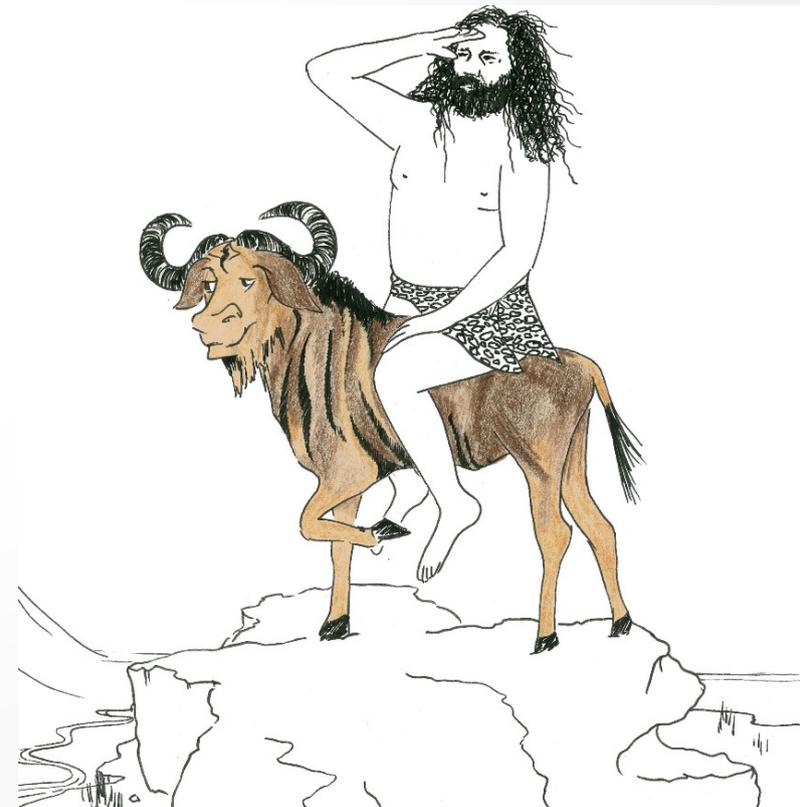
Corsi GNU/Linux base 2018



“Copyleft”

«I want to make sure that all versions remain free as in freedom» (1985)

— Richard Stallman | GNU General Public License



“Software libero”?

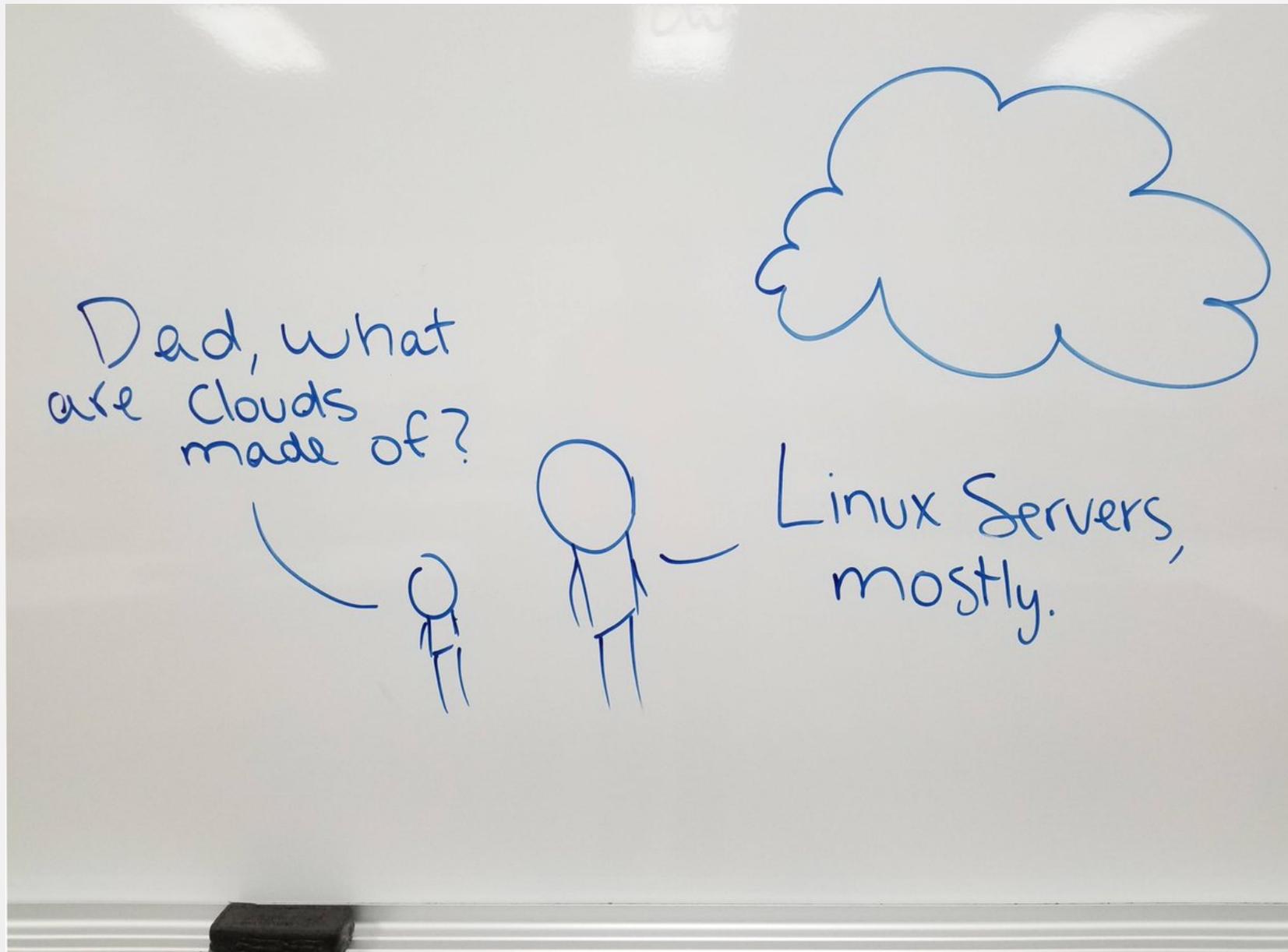
Se puoi fare **tutto** ciò **senza restrizioni**:

- Utilizzo
- Studio
- Modifica
- Condivisione

Software libero “copyleft”?

- Alcune licenze libere **molto permissive**
 - Pubblico dominio
- Alcune licenze libere **permissive**
 - Mozilla Public License 2
 - Apache 2.0
- Alcune licenze libere **copyleft**
 - GNU General Public License v2+

Dov'è il software libero?



Elaborazione immagini con GIMP



1996
GNU GPL v3+

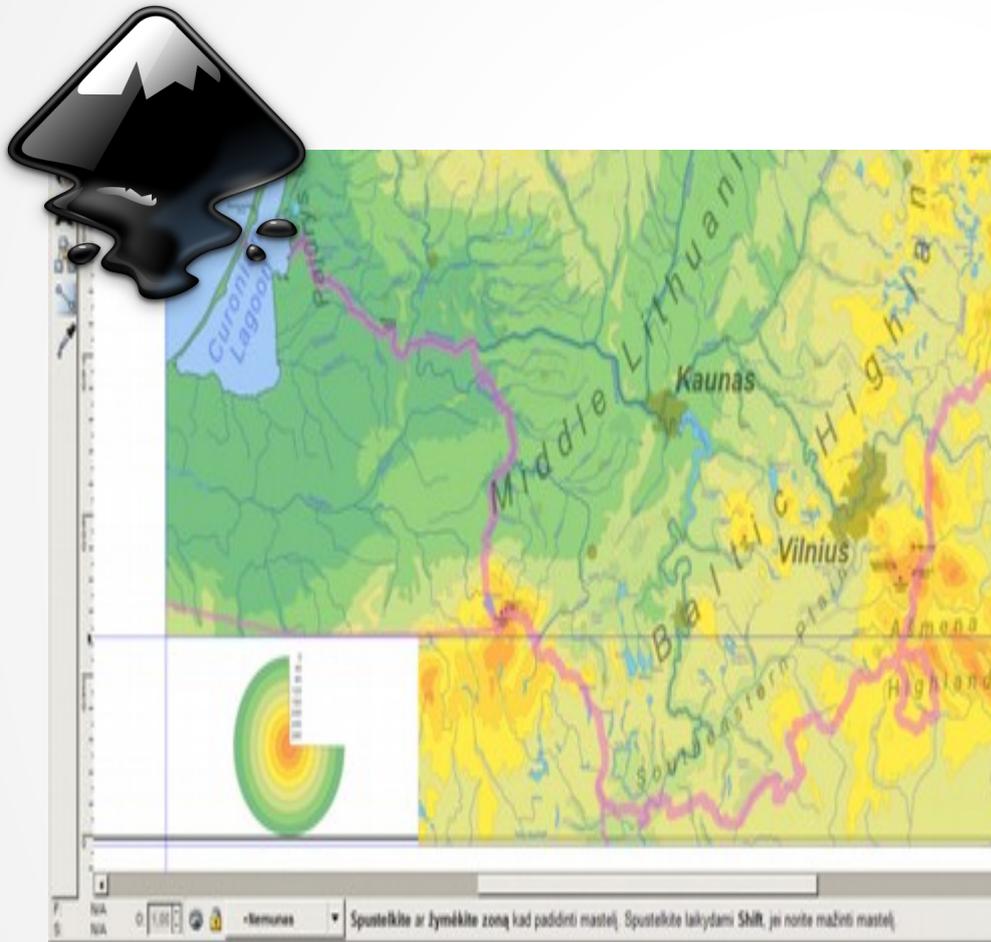
Audio editing con Audacity



A screenshot of the Audacity audio editing software interface. The window title is "Audacity". The menu bar includes "File", "Modifica", "Visualizza", "Attività", "Tracce", "Genera", "Effetti", "Analizza", and "Aiuto". The toolbar contains various icons for playback, editing, and analysis. Below the toolbar, there are dropdown menus for "ALSA", "default: Front Mic:0", "2 (Stereo)", and "default". A time ruler at the top shows a range from -0.30 to 1.90. The main workspace displays three audio tracks. The top track is labeled "Traccia audi" and is in "Mono, 44100Hz, 32-bit float" format. The middle and bottom tracks are labeled "Traccia audi" and are in "Stereo, 44100Hz, 32-bit float" format. Each track shows a blue waveform. The bottom track has a selection highlighted in grey. At the bottom of the interface, there are fields for "Frequenza" (4410), "Ancora a" (Non attivo), "Inizio selezione" (00 h 00 m 00.594 s), "Fine" (00 h 00 m 00.907 s), and "Lunghezza" (00 h 00 m 00.000 s). The status bar at the very bottom indicates "Fermato." and "Fai clic e trascina per modificare il margine destro della selezione." with "Frequenza effettiva: 44100".

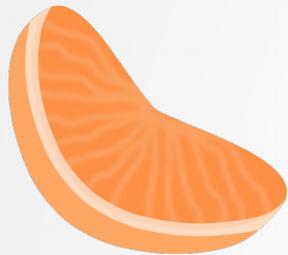
2000
Università Carnegie Mellon
Pennsylvania
GNU GPL v2+

Inkscape



2003
GNU GPL v3+

Clementine



2010
GNU GPL v3

The screenshot displays the Clementine music player interface. The main window shows a playlist of songs with columns for 'Artista', 'Titolo', 'Album', 'Durata', and 'Fonte'. The song '(Don't Fear) The Reaper' by Blue Oyster Cult is highlighted. The left sidebar contains a search bar, a 'Tag Artista' section with various music genres, and a 'Biografia da wikipedia' section for Blue Oyster Cult.

Biografia da wikipedia

Blue Oyster Cult (often abbreviated BOC) is an American rock band from Long Island, New York, United States, best known for such hard rock and heavy metal songs as "I Don't Fear" The Reaper", "Godzilla" and "Burnin' for You". Since the release of their self-titled debut album in 1972, the band has sold over 24 million albums worldwide, including 7 million in the United States alone. The band's music videos, especially "Burnin' for You", received heavy rotation on MTV when the music television network premiered in 1981, cementing the band's contribution to the development and success of the music video in modern pop culture. Today, BOC's music continues to be played on AOR-friendly radio stations as well as in movies, television shows, and commercials, and during sporting events.

Blue Oyster Cult's longest lasting and most commercially successful lineup included Donald "Buck Dharma" Rosser (lead guitar, vocals), Eric Bloom (lead vocals, rhythm guitar), Allen Laner (keyboards, rhythm guitar, backing vocals), Joe Bouchard (bass, backing vocals) and Albert Bouchard (drums, percussion, backing vocals). The band's current lineup includes Rosser and Bloom, as well as Jules Radino (drums, percussion), Richie Castellano (keyboard, rhythm guitar, backing vocals), and Kasim Sulton (bass, backing vocals).

History:

Early years as Soft White Underbelly (1967-1971)

The band originated as a group called Soft White Underbelly (a name the band would later occasionally use in the 1970s and 1980s to play small club gigs around the U.S.) in 1967 in the vicinity of Stony Brook University on Long Island, New York, at the prompting of critic and manager Sandy Pearlman consisting of guitarist Buck Dharma, drummer Albert Bouchard, keyboardist Allen Laner, singer Les Braumstein and bassist Andrew Winter. Pearlman wanted the group to be the American answer to Black Sabbath.

Lilypond



«produrre spartiti musicali della migliore qualità possibile»

A musical score for a piece titled "Lilypond". The score is written for piano and bass. It consists of two staves: a treble clef staff (piano) and a bass clef staff (bass). The piece is divided into four measures. The first measure is in 2/8 time, the second in 3/8, the third in 3/8, and the fourth in 4/8. The score includes various dynamics such as *ff*, *f*, *mf*, *ff*, *fff*, *ff*, *p*, *pp*, and *mf*. There are also articulations like slurs, accents, and fermatas. The score is annotated with fingerings (e.g., 3, 5) and other musical notations.

Test Wikipedia

1996
GNU GPL v3+

musescore

«Il software di notazione più popolare del mondo»

The screenshot displays the Musescore software interface. At the top, a menu bar includes File, Edit, View, Add, Notes, Layout, Style, Plugins, and Help. Below the menu is a toolbar with various musical notation tools and playback controls. The main workspace shows a piano score for 'Praeludium 10 BWV 855' in G major, 4/4 time. The score is divided into three panels, with measures 70, 77, and 24 visible. On the left, a 'Palettes' panel provides tools for adding musical elements like Grace Notes, Clefs, Key Signatures, Time Signatures, Barlines, Lines, Articulations & Ornaments, Accidentals, Dynamics, Repeats & Jumps, Tempo, Text, Breaks & Spacers, and Beam Properties. At the bottom left, a 'Piano Keyboard' is visible. On the right, an 'Inspector' panel allows for detailed editing of the selected element, with sections for Element, Segment, Chord, Note, and Select. The status bar at the bottom indicates: Note: Pitch: E5; Duration: Half; Voice: 1; Measure: 1; Beat: 1; Staff 1.

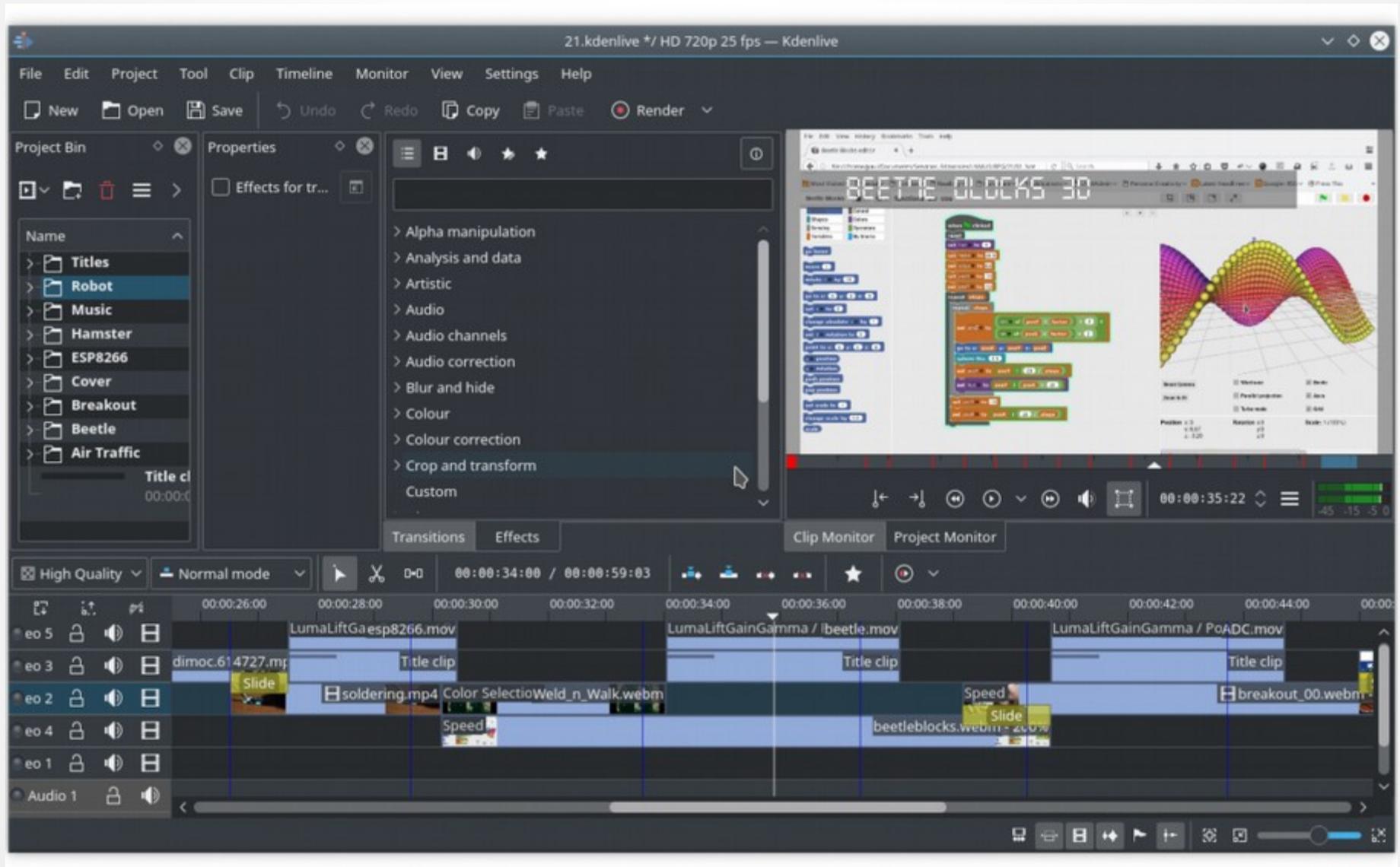


Ardour

The screenshot displays the Ardour software interface during a recording session. At the top, the transport controls show the project is playing at 00:01:27:13. The main workspace is divided into several sections:

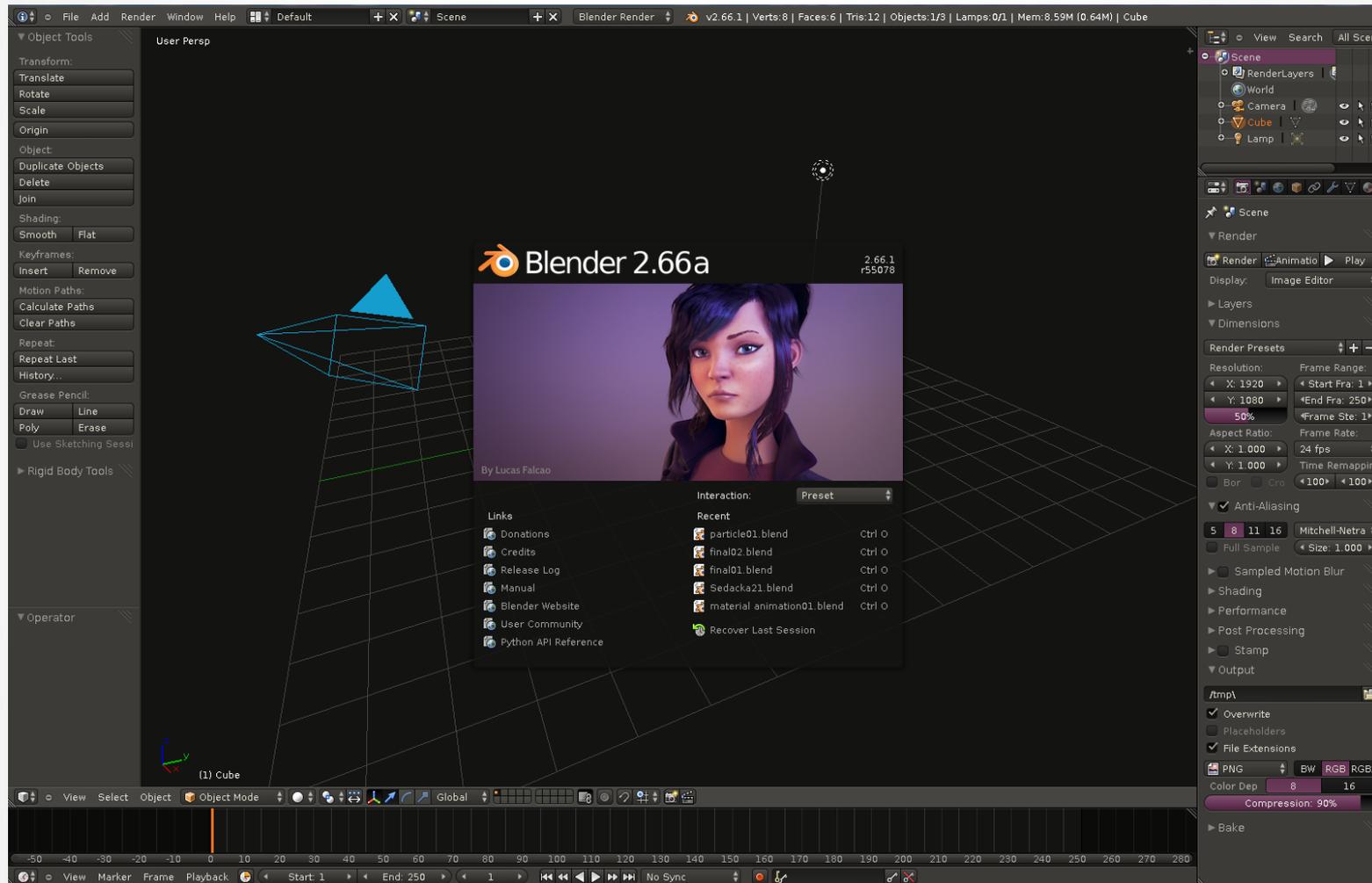
- Timeline:** Shows a timecode of 01:15:00 and a selection range from 00:01:17:19 to 00:01:34:01. A 'SOLO' button is visible on the timeline.
- Tracks:** Multiple tracks are visible, including 'Vocal', 'Claps PRT-L', 'Keys L', 'Keys R', 'AC Gtr A...unce-1', 'E Gtr Lead', 'E Gtr L', 'E Gtr R', and 'Gang PRT-L'. Each track has a waveform and a set of controls (Mute, Solo, Disk, etc.).
- Mixer:** The 'a4-Live-Show - Mixer - Ardour' window is open, showing a multi-channel mixer with faders, solo/mute buttons, and level meters for various channels like 'Bass DI', 'Vocal', 'Claps PRT-L', and 'Keys L'. The master channel is also visible.
- Meterbridge:** The 'a4-Live-Show - Meterbridge - Ardour' window shows a multi-channel meterbridge with green level meters for each track.

Videoeediting con Kdenlive, OpenShot, ...



Blender

«modellazione, animazione, compositing e rendering di immagini tridimensionali»



e.g. realizzazioni: “Big Buck Bunny” (2008)
“Cosmos Laundromat” (2010)

1995
GNU GPL



2003
GNU GPL v2

Piattaforma di personal publishing e blogging per antonomasia

The screenshot shows the WordPress admin dashboard for the website <https://blog.linuxdaytorino.org/wp-admin/>. The dashboard is in Italian and displays the following information:

- Home:** Linux Day Torino, 12 updates, 3 comments, and a "Nuovo" button.
- Bacheca (Dashboard):**
 - In sintesi:** 201 articoli, 1 pagina, 81 commenti, 3 in moderazione. WordPress 4.7.5 con il tema Amadeus.
 - Attività:** Pubblicati di recente
 - 26 Ott 2017, 22:00: [Linux Install Party 2017](#)
 - 24 Ott 2017, 11:30: [Special Guests 2017](#)
 - 22 Ott 2017, 15:10: [Vicini di Casa](#)
 - 20 Ott 2017, 10:30: [Sulla Strada di LDT017](#)
 - 17 Ott 2017, 1:22: [W la Microsoft!](#)
- Bozza rapida:** Form for creating a draft with fields for "Titolo" and "Che ti passa per la testa?". A "Salva bozza" button is present.
- Bozze:** A list of drafts, including "Privacy: fatti rispettare sul web! 29 giugno 2017" and "Quanto lavoro c'è dietro certi siti-web! Scopriamo insieme le componenti...".
- Novità di WordPress:** A sidebar with links to "Meetup di Lugli...", "Candidiamo l'Ita...", and "Meetup Reggio".

Wikimedia Commons

«Un'archivio di 47.713.618+ file liberamente utilizzabili e cui chiunque può contribuire»



The screenshot shows the Wikimedia Commons homepage. At the top left is the Wikimedia Commons logo, a blue circle with a red dot and arrows. Below it, the text "WIKIMEDIA COMMONS" is displayed. To the right of the logo, there are links for "Main Page", "Welcome", "Community portal", and "Village pump". Below these links is a "Participate" section with options like "Upload file", "Recent changes", "Latest files", "Random file", "Help", "Contact us", and "Donate". A "Toolbox" link is also present. In the top right corner, there is a "Log in / create account" link. Below the navigation bar, there are tabs for "Main page" and "Discussion". To the right of these tabs are links for "View", "View source", and "View history", along with a search box. The main content area features a "Welcome to Wikimedia Commons" message, stating it is a database of 7,879,871 freely usable media files. Below this, there are icons for "Nature Images", "Science Sounds", and "Society Videos". The "Picture of the day" section displays a photograph of an owl perched on a pine branch. To the right of the owl image is a "Map donation by the IUCN red list" section, which includes a small image of a building and text explaining that the IUCN Red List has agreed to license distribution maps derived from their website with a Creative Commons By-SA 2.0 license. Below this is a "Highlights" section with text about starting with featured pictures, quality images, or valued images, and links to meet our photographers and illustrators. At the bottom right, there is a "Content" section with a "By topic" list including Nature, Animalia, Fossils, Landscapes, and Marine life, and a list of categories like Categories, Commons, Copyright statuses, and Featured items.

Log in / create account

Main page Discussion View View source View history Search

Welcome to Wikimedia Commons,
a database of 7,879,871 freely usable media files to which anyone can contribute.

Nature Images Science Sounds Society Videos

Picture of the day

Picture of the day

Map donation by the IUCN red list

The IUCN Red List has agreed to license distribution maps derived from the data present on their website with a Creative Commons By-SA 2.0. There are currently around 25,000 maps for many species of mammals, amphibians, reptiles and corals.

We need help producing the maps, inputting description and source of the images (including translations), and uploading them to Commons. You can read more on how you can help [here](#).

Highlights

If you are browsing Commons for the first time, you may want to start with [Featured pictures](#), [Quality Images](#) or [Valued Images](#). You can also see some work created by our highly skilled contributors in [Meet our photographers](#) and [Meet our Illustrators](#).

Content

By topic

Nature
Animalia • Fossils • Landscapes • Marine life •

[+] Categories
[+] Commons
[+] Copyright statuses
[+] Featured items

Qualche servizio di diffusione random

- WikiBooks (3000 libri)
- LiberLiber.it

- Jamendo
- Freesound
- Open Broadcaster Software (OBS)
- YouTube (!)

- Flickr

- Flattr

Grazie per la pazienza!

Question time!

Contatti:

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